

# UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

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First Named Inventor or Application Identifier:

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**APPLICATION ELEMENTS**

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

ADDRESS TO: **Assistant Commissioner for Patents  
Box Patent Application  
Washington, DC 20231**

1. ☒ Fee Transmittal Form
2. ☒ Specification, Claims & Abstract ..... [ Total Pages: 29 ]
3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) ..... [ Total Sheets: 9 ]
4. ☒ Oath or Declaration ..... [ Total Pages: 3 ]
- a. ☒ Newly executed (original or copy)
- b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) (for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)
- i. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
- Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
5. ☐ Incorporation by Reference (usable if Box 4b is checked)
- The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein.
6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)
7. ☐ Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission (if applicable, all necessary)
- a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy
- b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)
- c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

**ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS**

8. ☒ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))
9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee) [ ] Power of Attorney
10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)
11. ☒ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☒ Copies of IDS Citations
12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) (Should be specifically itemized)
14. ☐ Small Entity Statement(s) [ ] Statement filed in prior application, status still proper and desired.
15. ☒ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) (if foreign priority is claimed)
16. ☐ Other:

**17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:**[ ] Continuation [ ] Divisional [ ] Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No: 1**18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS**

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# SPECIFICATION

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

BE IT KNOWN THAT I, Yasuo Sugahara, a citizen of Japan residing at Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa, Japan have invented certain new and useful improvements in

INFORMATION DECISION APPARATUS, METHOD THEREOF  
AND COMPUTER-READABLE RECORDING MEDIUM THEREOF

of which the following is a specification : -

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

INFORMATION DECISION APPARATUS, METHOD  
THEREOF AND COMPUTER-READABLE RECORDING MEDIUM  
THEREOF

5

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. Field of the Invention

The present invention generally relates to  
information decision apparatuses, methods thereof  
10 and recording media thereof for making decisions  
based on information, and more particularly to an  
information decision apparatus, a method thereof and  
a recording medium thereof for analyzing a  
customer's purchasing tendencies from the customer's  
15 purchasing history and making a decision to offer  
suitable products to the customer.

Recently, especially in the computer  
industry, new products have been developed quickly  
in a short term. Thus, the product cycle of the  
20 computer becomes shorter. Accordingly, a demand  
cycle to replace computers becomes a short-term  
cycle. Generally, customers decide when and with  
which computer they should replace their current  
computers. However, it is difficult for a customer  
25 to choose a most appropriate computer from a huge  
computer market in which computer products change  
quickly. Therefore, to help a customer make a  
decision, it is preferable to inform the customer of  
appropriate information of new products that fit the  
30 customer's purchasing tendencies. In addition,  
instead of handling customers' old computers as  
industrial waste, it is preferable to recycle those  
used computers that can be still used as products.

2. Description of the Related Art

35 In a conventional distribution system,  
direct mail to promote new product information is  
sent to customers who purchased products before.

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On the other hand, old products replaced with new products are collected by manufacturers that produce those new products or by organizations listed in magazines or the like who recycle the collected used products.

The direct mail including new product information (or new service information) often does not focus on a customer's interest. The information in the direct mail may be useless for the customers and thus the customers do not respond to the direct mail. Therefore, the sales promotion for new products by the direct mail is not effective. Although there are information providers providing selected information for customers, the customers' voluntary queries to the information providers are required. Therefore, the direct mail can not achieve effective sales promotion.

35

It is a general object of the present

invention to provide an information decision apparatus, a method thereof and a recording medium thereof for making decisions based on information in which the above-mentioned problems are eliminated.

5           A more specific object of the present invention is to provide an information decision apparatus, a method thereof and a recording medium thereof for analyzing a customer's purchasing tendencies from the customer's purchase history  
10 information; finding only potential customers who may replace their current computers with new computer models; and making a decision to offer suitable products to the customers.

          Another object of the present invention is  
15 to provide an information decision apparatus, a method thereof and a recording medium thereof for maintaining information of collected used computers and finding potential customers, who may purchase the used computers, from a customer information  
20 database including the customer's purchasing tendencies.

          The above objects of the present invention are achieved by an information decision apparatus including: a transaction tendencies analyzing part  
25 for analyzing transactor's tendencies based on a transactor's transaction history; and an information decision part for deciding on appropriate information that fits the transactor's tendencies analyzed by the transaction tendencies analyzing  
30 part.

          According to the present invention, the decided-on appropriate information fits the customer's needs so as to attract the customer effectively.

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The above objects of the present invention are achieved by an information decision apparatus including: a target transactor finding part for finding target transactor in accordance with  
5 information of at least one promoting product; a transaction tendencies analyzing part for analyzing transactor's tendencies based on a transactor's transaction history for each of the target transactors; and an information decision part for  
10 deciding on appropriate information that fits the transactor's tendencies analyzed by the transaction tendencies analyzing part.

According to the present invention, it is possible to focus only on potential customers who  
15 may be interested in buying the promoting product. Further, transactor's tendencies based on a customer's purchasing history can be examined for each of the target customers. Furthermore, the decided-on appropriate information, which fits the  
20 analyzed transactor's tendencies, can be included in attractive information corresponding to each target customer.

#### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

25 Other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become more apparent from the following detailed description when read in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, in which:

30 Fig.1 shows a diagram illustrating a system configuration according to the embodiment of the present invention;

FIG.2 shows a diagram illustrating a hardware construction according to the embodiment of  
35 the present invention;

FIG.3 shows a diagram illustrating a customer table according to the embodiment of the

present invention;

FIG.4A shows a diagram illustrating a product type conversion table according to the embodiment of the present invention and FIG.4B shows a diagram illustrating a product rank conversion table according to the embodiment of the present invention;

FIG.5 shows a diagram illustrating a product introduction sentence table according to the embodiment of the present invention;

FIG.6 shows a diagram illustrating the product information DB according to the embodiment of the present information;

FIG.7 shows a flowchart diagram showing a broad structure of the sales support program according to the embodiment of the present invention;

FIG.8 shows a flowchart diagram for explaining a process to retrieve potential products that are to be replaced, according to the embodiment of the present invention; and

FIG.9 shows a flowchart diagram for explaining how a customer's purchasing trend is analyzed, according to the embodiment of the present invention.

#### DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

A description will now be given of an embodiment of the present invention.

Fig. 1 shows a diagram illustrating a system configuration according to the embodiment of the present invention.

In this embodiment, it is assumed that the present invention is applied to a case of a personal computer business.

A sales support apparatus 100 corresponding to the information decision apparatus

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according to the embodiment includes a customer entry part 1, a product information output part 2, an information processor unit 3, a recording medium 4 and a product information database (DB) 5.

5           The information processor unit 3 controls all of the customer entry part 1, product information output part 2, recording medium 4, and product information DB 5 and executes a sales support program (described later) for finding only  
10 potential customers, choosing an appropriate new product or collected used product that fits the customer's purchasing trend, and outputting the appropriate product information to promote sale of the product.

15           Personal information from a user entry card coming with a personal computer (hereinafter called a PC), which card a customer sends to a computer manufacturer, is inputted from the customer entry part 1 and saved into the recording medium 4.

20           After the sales support program is executed, appropriate product information is generated based on the aforementioned personal information and is outputted from the product information output part 2.

25           Tables created, maintained and referred to by the sales support program are stored in the recording medium 4.

          The product information DB 5 keeps information on all products and is referred to by  
30 the sales support program. The product information DB 5 may be timely maintained by another section and may be connected to the sales support apparatus through networks.

          FIG.2 shows a diagram illustrating a  
35 hardware construction according to the embodiment of the present invention.

          As shown in FIG.2, the sales support



apparatus 100 is constructed with a CPU 11 to execute the sales support program, a RAM 12 to temporarily save the sales support program and needed data, a ROM 13 into which the program is loaded, a HDD 20 and a FD 21 to store necessary tables, a printer 14 to print out selected product information, a modem 15 to fax or e-mail customers the selected product information, a LAN 16 for remote operators to use the sales support system or to refer to the product information DB 5, a mouse 17 and a keyboard 18 to operate the sales support program or to input needed information, a CRT 19 to display information generated by the sales support program and to perform as an interface between operators and the same program, and a CD-ROM 22 where the program is stored. Of course, the medium storing the sales support program is not limited to the HDD 20, the FD 21 or the CD-ROM 22, but other computer readable recording media may be used.

The tables in the recording medium 4 in FIG.1 will now be explained with reference to FIGS.3, 4A, 4B and 5.

FIG.3 shows a diagram illustrating a customer table according to the embodiment of the present invention.

FIG.4A shows a diagram illustrating a product type conversion table according to the embodiment of the present invention and FIG.4B shows a diagram illustrating a product rank conversion table according to the embodiment of the present invention.

FIG.5 shows a diagram illustrating a product introduction sentence table according to the embodiment of the present invention.

Referring to FIGS.3, 4A, 4B and 5, the recording medium 4 includes the customer table 4a, the product type conversion table 4b, the product

rank conversion table 4c, and the product introduction sentence table 4d. One record for one customer in the customer table 4a is shown in FIG.3. One record has two areas, a personal area 30 and a purchased product information area 40. In a case of a plurality of customers, the customer table 4a has the same number of records as the number of customers.

The personal information area 30 is used to store a user ID 31-1, an address 31-2, a name 31-3, a phone number 31-4, a gender 31-5, an occupation 31-6, a purchased date 31-7 and so on.

The purchased product information area 40 is used to store a product ID 41-1, a product name 41-2, a product type 41-3, a product rank 41-4, a price 41-5, a specification 41-6 and so on.

Referring to FIG.4A, the product type conversion table 4b has a product type 50 and a customer's purchasing trend 52.

The product type 50 includes a plurality of types: desktop 51-1, middle tower 51-2, notebook 51-3, thin type notebook 51-4, sub-notebook 51-5 and so on.

The customer's purchasing trend 52 includes a plurality of customer's purchasing trends: balance 53-1, performance and extendibility 53-2, space saving and performance 53-3, portability and user friendliness 53-4, portability 53-5 and so on.

A product type is converted into a customer's purchasing trend as follows: the desktop 51-1, the middle tower 51-2, the notebook 51-3, the thin type notebook 51-4, and the sub-notebook 51-5 are converted into the balance 53-1, the performance and extendibility 53-2, the space saving and performance 53-3, the portability and user friendliness 53-4, and the portability 53-5,

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Referring to FIG.4B, the product rank conversion table 4c has a product rank 60 and a customer's purchasing trend 62.

The product rank 60 includes a plurality of product ranks: high-end 61-1, standard 61-2, entry 61-3, customized 61-4 and so on.

The customer's purchasing trend 62 includes a plurality of customer's purchasing trends: performance 63-1, balance 63-2, price 63-3, purpose 64-4 and so on.

A product rank is converted into a customer's purchasing trend as follows: the high-end 61-1, the standard 61-2, the entry 61-3, and the customized 61-4 are converted into the performance 63-1, the balance 63-2, the price 63-3, the purpose 64-4, respectively, in accordance with this order.

In FIG.5, trend items of the customer's purchasing trend 52 derived from the product types are arranged in the first column and trend items of the customer's purchasing trend 62 derived from the product ranks are arranged in the first row of the product introduction sentence table 4d. Then a combination of two kinds of trend items indicates an identical product introduction sentence. For example, when the customer's purchasing trend 52 shows "extendibility" and the customer's purchasing trend 62 shows "performance", this combination indicates "introduction 23". Thus, this "introduction 23" is included into direct mail.

The product information DB 5 will now be explained.

FIG.6 shows a diagram illustrating the product information DB 5 according to the embodiment of the present information.

Referring to FIG.6, one record as a product detail 70 consists of a product ID 71-1, a

product name 71-2, a product type 71-3, a product rank 71-4, a price 71-5, a specification 71-6 and so on. The product information DB 5 manages a plurality of product details 70. The product information DB 5 is referred to due to find products to be offered for replacement demand.

The sales support program will now be explained.

A method for finding customers who purchased products to be replaced with new products and choosing product introduction sentences in FIG.5 will be explained.

First, a customer's personal information including name, address, phone number, and product ID is inputted from the customer entry part 1 when a PC manufacturer receives the user entry card from the customer. The inputted personal information is stored by the information processor unit in accordance with the structure of the personal information area in the customer table 4a. Subsequently, necessary product information is retrieved by the product ID from the product information DB 5 and is stored into the customer table 4a in accordance with the structure of the purchased product information area 40. In the purchased product information area 40, it is assumed that the product type 41-3 may have data including a hardware type and a software installation method. The hardware type may indicate desktop, tower, notebook or the like. The software installation method may indicate pre-installed standard software, additional software, customized software or the like. It is also assumed that the product rank 41-4 may include data including a price or a performance rank. The performance rank may indicate high-end, standard, entry, customized or the like.

FIG.7 shows a flowchart diagram showing a

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broad structure of the sales support program according to the embodiment of the present invention. The sales support program includes a step S1 to retrieve products to be replaced, a step S40 to judge the value of the retrieved products, a step S5 to provide the products to schools or the public sector, a step S10 to check the success in retrieving products, a step S2 to find customers who have previously purchased the retrieved products, a step S20 to check the success in finding customers, a step S3 to analyze the customer's purchasing trend, a step S30 to check the success in analyzing, and a step S4 to create a direct mail including product introductions.

15 To find customers who may replace their old PC, information on the potential PCs to be replaced are retrieved from the product information DB. Then, the product IDs or names of the potentially replaced PCs are obtained in the step S1.

20 Each of the potentially replaced PCs retrieved in the step S1 is judged as to whether its value is high enough to pay the cost of sales in the step S40. That is, when the PC is unmarketable, the step S5 is performed to provide the PC to a school or the public sector.

25 In the step S5, the information of the unmarketable PC is recorded and managed for providing the PC to a school to the public sector.

30 On the other hand, when the PC has market value, it is checked if the product IDs or names of the PCs are obtained successfully in the step S10. When the result of the checking is negative, the process is terminated. That is, there are no potential replaced PCs at this time. When the result is successful, the process performs the next step S2.

35

By searching for the product IDs or names

of the products retrieved in the step S1,  
information of corresponding customers is selected  
from the customer table 4a in FIG.3 in the step S2.  
Moreover to retrieve potential customers who may  
5 replace their PCs, the purchased date 31-7 of each  
selected customer is considered in the step S2.  
That is, when the purchased date 31-7 is 6 months or  
more than one year before the present date, the  
selected customer can be a potential customer. Then  
10 the customer's information is retrieved. Otherwise,  
the selected customer is not regarded as a potential  
customer.

In the step S20, it is checked whether the  
potential customers are found. When the result of  
15 the checking is negative, the process is terminated.  
That is, there is no potential customer at this time.  
When the result is successful, the process performs  
the next step S3.

From information of the potential  
20 customers, the purchasing trend of each potential  
customer is analyzed in accordance with the product  
type 41-3 and the product rank 41-4 in the customer  
table 4a in the step S3. That is, by using the  
product type conversion table 4b, the customer's  
25 purchasing trend 52 is obtained by converting the  
value of the product type 41-3. In addition, by  
using the product rank conversion table 4c, the  
customer's purchasing trend 62 is obtained by  
converting the value of the product rank 41-4.  
30 After analyzing the customer's purchasing trends,  
the combination of the analyzed customer's  
purchasing trends designates an identical product  
introduction sentence by using the product  
introduction sentence table 4d. It should be noted  
35 that the product type 41-3 and the product rank 41-4  
might have a few different values.

In the step S30, it is checked whether two

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customer's purchasing trends are analyzed successfully. When the result of the checking is negative, the process is terminated. When the result is successful, the process performs the next  
5 step S4.

Accordingly, direct mail is composed with the designated introduction sentence for the potential customer in the step S4. It should be noted that a few different introduction sentences  
10 might be designated in the case in which the product type 41-3 or the product rank 41-4 has a few different values. Moreover, instead of composing direct mail, e-mail may be composed with the designated introduction sentence and be timely sent  
15 to the potential customer via the Internet.

The information designated in step S3 is not limited to the product introduction sentence but may be any other information.

FIG.8 shows a flowchart diagram for  
20 explaining a process to retrieve potential products that are to be replaced, according to the embodiment of the present invention.

In FIG.8, the step S1 includes a step S100 to choose a process, a step S100a to input  
25 information of a collected used product, a step S110 to evaluate the collected used product, a step S100b to input information of a new product, a step S100c to determine a key to find products, a step S101 to define product models for the replacement demand, a  
30 step S102 to find products from the product information DB 5, a step S103 to check success in finding products, and a step S104 to retrieve product IDs. It should be noted that the step S1 has three sub-processes: a sub-process for a  
35 collected used product; a sub-process for the manufacturer's own product; and a sub-process for a competitor's product.

When the sub-process for a competitor's product is selected in the step S100, the step S100c



is performed to find a product of the manufacturer that has lower performance than the competitor's product. That is, the manufacturer's own product may be replaced with the competitor's product. In addition, customers who have that manufacturer's own product can be targeted by the competitor. To avoid losing the manufacturer's own customers, this sub-process may be chosen and the step S100c is performed especially when a competitor starts to promote its new product.

In the step S100c, the operator determines a model of the manufacturer's own product that has lower performance than the competitor's product as a find key and inputs information of the manufacturer's own product: for example, OS's (Operation System) version and level of the manufacturer's own product.

By using the find key, products that can be replaced are searched for and retrieved from the product information DB 5 in the step S102.

In the step S103, it is checked whether the step S102 found products successfully. When the step S102 succeeds, product IDs or product names are retrieved in the step S104. When the step S102 fails, the process is terminated.

After product IDs or product names that can be replaced with the used product, the new product, or the competitors' product are retrieved, the process (the step S1) to retrieve potential products is terminated. Accordingly, this process can concentrate on the potential product that may be replaced. Especially in a case in which the manufacturer maintains many kinds of products, this process performs effectively.

FIG.9 shows a flowchart diagram for explaining how a customer's purchasing trend is analyzed, according to the embodiment of the present

invention.

Referring to FIG.9, the step S3 to analyze the customer's purchasing trend shown in FIG.7 includes a step S301 to retrieve a product type, a  
5 step S302 to convert the product type into the customer's purchasing trend 52, a step S303 to retrieve a product rank, a step S304 to convert the product rank into the customer's purchasing trend 62, a step S305 to check a replacement with a new  
10 product, a step S306 to check if the customer's purchasing trend 52 or 62 is the "price", a step S307 for an analysis failure, and a step S308 to designate an introduction sentence by a combination of the customer's purchasing trends 52 and 62.

The step S3 is performed when potential  
15 customers are retrieved successfully. From information of each potential customer selected from the customer table 4a, the product type 41-3 is retrieved. It is assumed that a customer "A" is  
20 selected in the step S2 and purchased a valuable PC with high-level functions, which PC is called a middle-tower-type high-end model. In this case, the product type 41-3 shows the "middle tower".

Subsequently, the "middle tower" that is  
25 the value of the product type 41-3 is converted into the customer's purchasing trend 52 by using the product type conversion table 4b in the step S302. That is, based on the aforementioned assumption, one of the items listed in the product type 50 is  
30 searched for, which item is equal to the product type 41-3 of the customer "A". Accordingly, the middle tower 51-2 is selected and the performance and extendibility 53-2 is retrieved from the items listed in the customer's purchasing trend 52. Thus,  
35 the customer "A" is analyzed from the product type as tending to require two values: "performance" and "extendibility".

5 The customer "A" is also analyzed from another view. It is supposed that the product rank 41-4 for the customer "A" shows "high-end". In the step S303, the value of the product rank 41-4 is retrieved.

10 Subsequently, "high-end", which is the value of the product rank 41-4, is converted into the customer's purchasing trend 62 by using the product type conversion table 4c in the step S304. That is, one of the items listed in the product rank 60 is searched for, which item is equal to the product rank 41-4 of the customer "A". Accordingly, high-end 61-1 is selected and the performance 63-1 is retrieved from the items listed in the customer's purchasing trend 62. Thus, the customer "A" is analyzed from the product rank as tending to require the value, "performance".

15 In the step S305, it is checked whether the sub-process for the manufacturer's own product or for the competitor's product is chosen in the step S100 as shown in FIG.8. When the process is for a new product, the step S306 is performed to designate an introduction sentence. When the sub-process for a collected used product is chosen in the step S100, the step S306 is performed to check whether the customer emphasizes a price.

20 In a case in which customers tend to emphasize the product price, the customers are likely to purchase used products that perform better than their PCs. Thus, when the sub-process for a collected used product is chosen, potential customers are retrieved from all customers who purchased retrieved products in the step S2 as shown in FIG.7 in a condition in which the customer's purchasing trend 52 or 62 indicates the "price" in the step S306. When the potential customers are retrieved successfully, the step S308 is performed.

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When there is no potential customer for the collected used product, the step S307 is performed.

For each potential customer, at least one introduction sentence is designated by a combination of the customer's purchasing trends 52 and 62 from the product introduction sentence table 4d in FIG.5. In the case of the customer "A", from the customer's purchasing trends 52 and 62, one combination of the performance row and the performance column designates the introduction 22 and another combination of the extendibility row and the performance column designates the introduction 23 with reference to FIG.5. For this customer "A", two introduction sentences are indicated. Accordingly, the two designated introduction sentences are included in direct mail.

Therefore, direct mail is not limited to including only one introduction sentence but may include a plurality of introduction sentences in accordance with the customer's purchasing trends 52 and 62 in the step S3. Furthermore, more than just one the product type and the product rank is applied to analyze customer's purchasing trends. The other information or combinations of many kinds of information related to a customer or product may be applied to analyze effectively. Moreover, this process can make suitable and more attractive product introduction sentences corresponding to each of potential customers, which suitability and attractiveness help the sales promotion effectively.

As mentioned above, the present invention can provide appropriate and timely product information to each potential customer every time the manufacturer or its competitor starts to promote new products or every time the manufacturer collects used products.

In addition, with regard to providing

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information that fits the customer's needs, provided information is not limited to the PC business. The present invention can apply to other business dealings with other kinds of products, such as  
5 automobiles, and can apply to real estate businesses and financial institution. Moreover, the present invention can perform effectively for service businesses, for example, stuffing service businesses, magazine advertising agencies, banking services,  
10 stock market information providers, housing businesses, appraisal businesses, travel agencies, delivery services, and so on. Furthermore, software products, programs or data that the present invention applies to may be stored on computer  
15 readable recording media or provided via the Internet.

The present invention is not limited to the specifically disclosed embodiments, variations and modifications, and other variations and  
20 modifications may be made without departing from the scope of the present invention.

The present application is based on Japanese priority application No. 10-355046 filed on December 14, 1998, the entire contents of which are  
25 hereby incorporated by reference.

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WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

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1. An information decision apparatus comprising:

10 a transaction tendencies analyzing part for analyzing transactor's tendencies based on a transactor's transaction history; and  
an information decision part for deciding on appropriate information that fits the transactor's tendencies analyzed by the transaction tendencies analyzing part.

15

20 2. The information decision apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said transaction tendencies analyzing part comprises a transaction tendencies decision part for deciding on at least one transactor's transaction tendency in accordance  
25 with at least one product type listed in the transactor's transaction history.

30

3. The information decision apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said transaction tendencies analyzing part comprises:

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5 a product type conversion table for  
converting a product type into at least one  
transactor's transaction tendency, and said product  
type conversion table being recorded in a recording  
medium; and

10 a transaction tendencies decision part for  
deciding on at least one transactor's transaction  
tendency by converting at least one product type  
listed in the transactor's transaction history by  
using the product type conversion table.

15 4. The information decision apparatus as  
claimed in claim 1, wherein said transaction  
tendencies analyzing part comprises a transaction  
tendencies decision part for deciding on at least  
20 one transactor's transaction tendency in accordance  
with at least one product rank listed in the  
transactor's transaction history.

25

30 5. The information decision apparatus as  
claimed in claim 1, wherein said transaction  
tendencies analyzing part comprises:

35 a product rank conversion table for  
converting a product rank into at least one  
transactor's transaction tendency, and said product  
rank conversion table being recorded in a recording  
medium; and

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5 a transaction tendencies decision part for  
deciding on at least one transactor's transaction  
tendency by converting at least one product rank  
listed in the transactor's transaction history by  
using the product rank conversion table.

10

6. The information decision apparatus as  
claimed in claim 1, wherein said information  
decision part comprises:

15 a first transaction tendencies decision  
part for deciding on at least one transactor's  
transaction tendency in accordance with at least one  
product type listed in a transactor's transaction  
history;

20 a second transaction tendencies decision  
part for deciding on at least one transactor's  
transaction tendency in accordance with at least one  
product rank listed in the transactor's transaction  
history; and

25 an information decision part for deciding  
on appropriate information that fits the  
transactor's tendencies based on the transactor's  
transaction tendencies decided by the first  
transaction tendencies decision part and the second  
transaction tendencies decision part.

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10. A method of information decision comprising the steps of:

- (a) analyzing transactor's tendencies based on a transactor's transaction history; and
- 5 (b) deciding on appropriate information that fits the transactor's tendencies analyzed in the step (a).

10

11. The method as claimed in claim 10, wherein said step (a) comprises the steps of:

- 15 (l) deciding on at least one transactor's transaction tendency in accordance with at least one product type listed in a transactor's transaction history; and
- (m) deciding on at least one transactor's
- 20 transaction tendency in accordance with at least one product rank listed in the transactor's transaction history.

25

12. The method as claimed in claim 10, wherein said step (a) comprises the steps of:

- 30 (l) deciding on at least one transactor's transaction tendency in accordance with at least one product type listed in a transactor's transaction history; and
- (m) deciding on at least one transactor's
- 35 transaction tendency in accordance with at least one product rank listed in the transactor's transaction history, and

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wherein said step (b) comprises the steps  
of:

(n) deciding on appropriate information  
that fits the transactor's tendencies based on the  
5 transactor's transaction tendencies decided in the  
steps (l) and (m).

10

13. The method as claimed in claim 10,  
wherein said decided-on appropriate information is  
used to promote new products that fit the  
15 transactor's tendencies.

20

14. The method as claimed in claim 10,  
wherein said decided-on appropriate information is  
used to promote used products that fit the  
transactor's tendencies.

25

30 15. A method of information decision  
comprising the steps of:

(a) finding target transactors in  
accordance with information of at least one  
promoting product;

35 (b) analyzing transactor's tendencies  
based on a transactor's transaction history for each  
of the target transactors; and

(c) deciding on appropriate information that fits the transactor's tendencies analyzed in the step (b).

5

16. A computer-readable recording medium recorded with a program for causing a computer to make information decision, said program comprising the codes of:

- (a) analyzing transactor's tendencies based on a transactor's transaction history; and  
15 (b) deciding on appropriate information that fits the transactor's tendencies analyzed by the code(a).

20

17. The computer-readable recording medium as claimed in claim 16, wherein the code (a) comprises the codes of:

- (l) deciding on at least one transactor's transaction tendency in accordance with at least one product type listed in a transactor's transaction history; and  
30 (m) deciding on at least one transactor's transaction tendency in accordance with at least one product rank listed in the transactor's transaction history.

35

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18. The computer-readable recording medium as claimed in claim 16, wherein the code (a) comprises the codes of:

5 (l) deciding on at least one transactor's transaction tendency in accordance with at least one product type listed in a transactor's transaction history; and

10 (m) deciding on at least one transactor's transaction tendency in accordance with at least one product rank listed in the transactor's transaction history, and

wherein the code (b) comprises the codes of:

15 (n) deciding on appropriate information that fits the transactor's tendencies based on the transactor's transaction tendencies decided by the codes (l) and (m).

20

19. The computer-readable recording medium as claimed in claim 16, wherein said decided-  
25 on appropriate information is used to promote new products that fit the transactor's tendencies.

30

20. The computer-readable recording medium as claimed in claim 16, wherein said decided  
35 appropriate information is used to promote used products that fit the transactor's tendencies.

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21. A computer-readable recording medium
- 5 recorded with a program for causing a computer to  
make information decision, said program comprising  
the codes of:
- (a) finding target transactors in  
accordance with information of at least one
- 10 promoting product;
- (b) analyzing transactor's tendencies  
based on a transactor's transaction history for each  
of the target transactors; and
- (c) deciding on appropriate information
- 15 that fits the transactor's tendencies analyzed by  
the code (b).

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ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

The present invention provides an information decision apparatus including the following parts: A target transactor finding part  
5 finds target transactors in accordance with promoting product information so as to focus only on potential transactors who may be interested in buying the promoting product; A transaction  
tendencies analyzing part analyzes transactor's  
10 tendencies based on a transactor's purchasing history for each of the target transactors so as to examine purchasing trends of the target transactors; An information decision part decides on appropriate  
information that fits the transactor's tendencies  
15 analyzed by the transaction tendencies analyzing part so as to produce an attractive information corresponding to each target transactor.

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FIG. 1

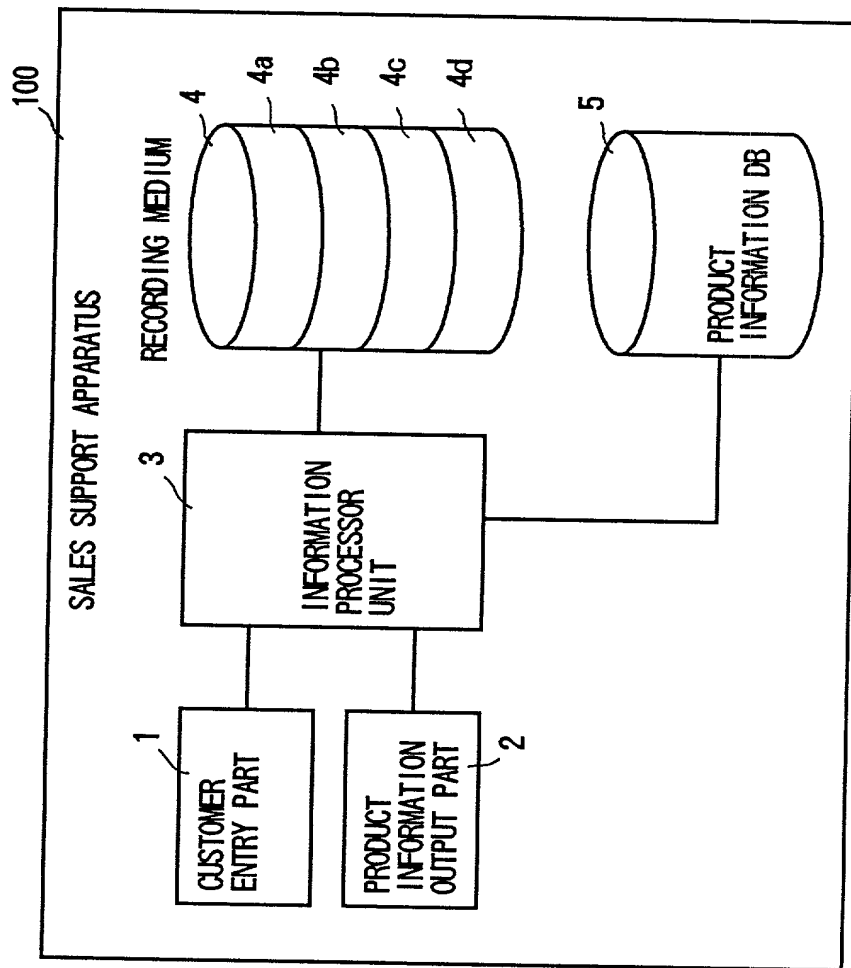




FIG. 2

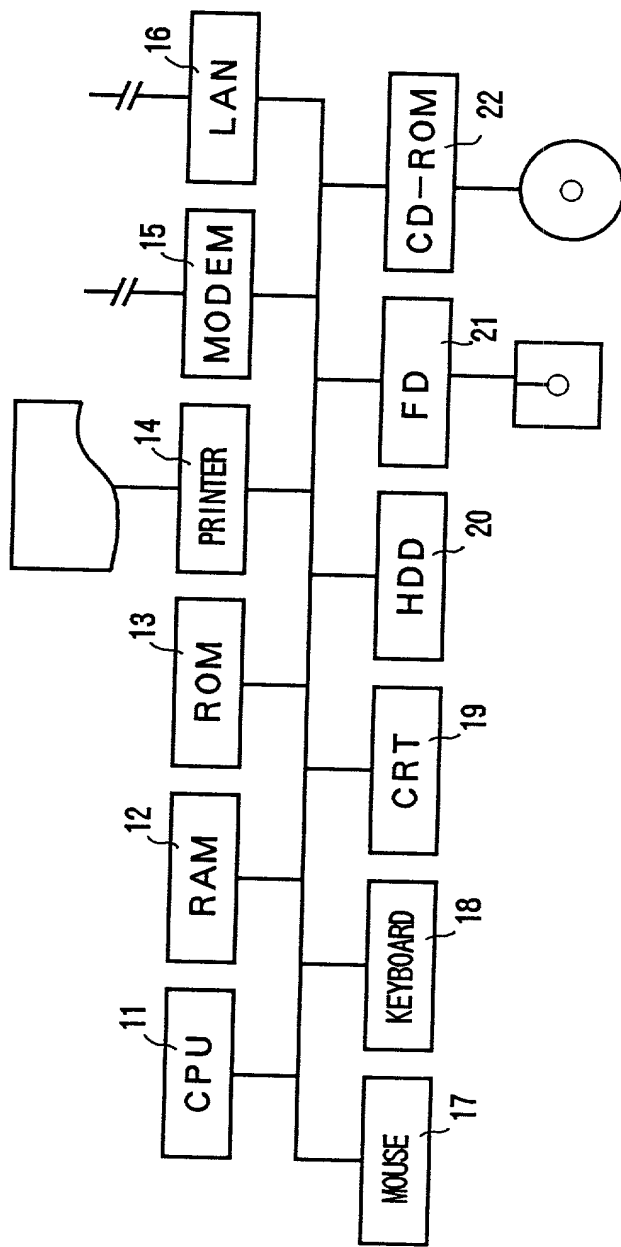
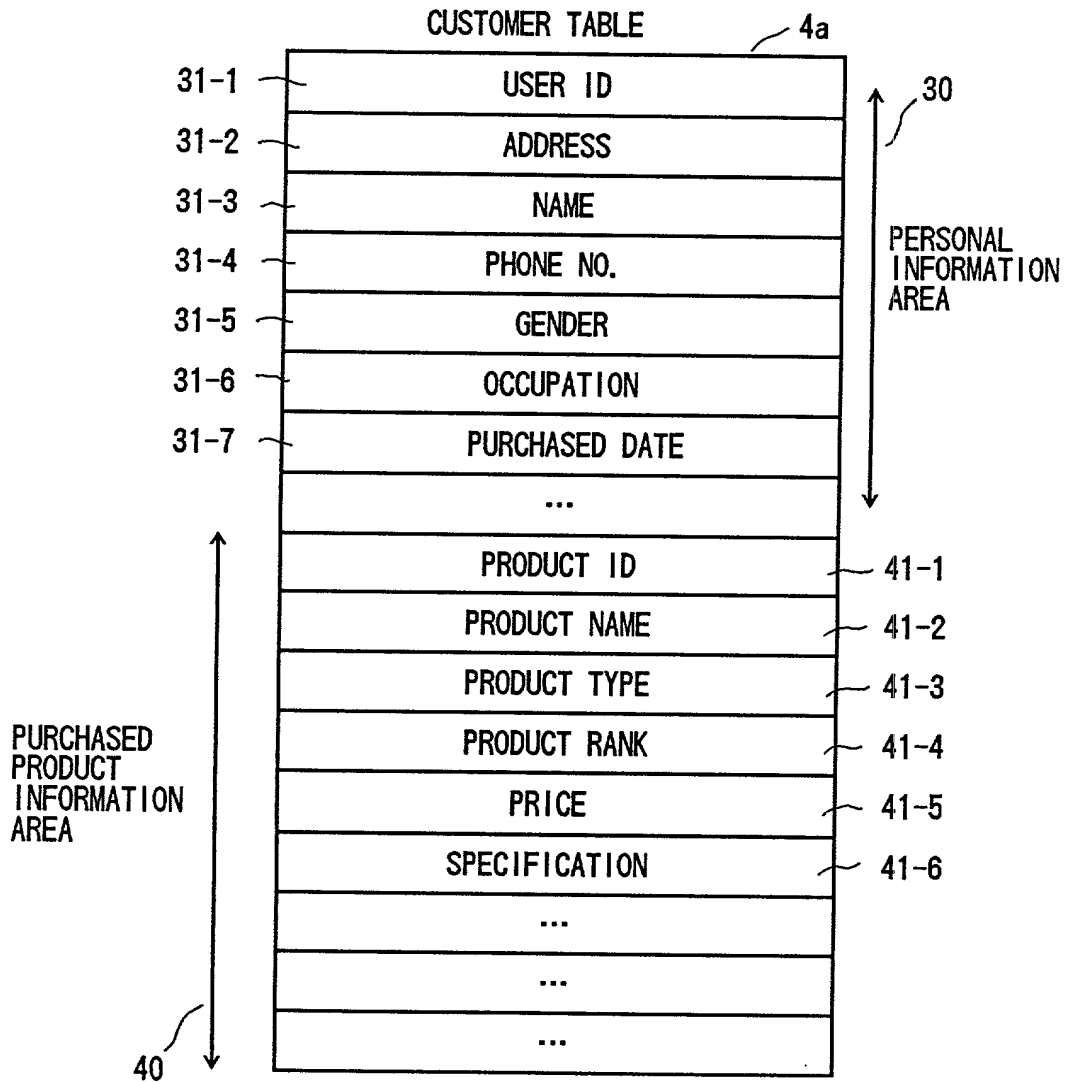


FIG. 3



# FIG. 4A

PRODUCT TYPE CONVERSION TABLE 4b

50	PRODUCT TYPE	CUSTOMER'S PURCHASING TREND	52
51-1	DESKTOP	BALANCE	53-1
51-2	MIDDLE TOWER	PERFORMANCE & EXTENDABILITY	53-2
51-3	NOTEBOOK	SPACE SAVING & PERFORMANCE	53-3
51-4	THIN TYPE NOTEBOOK	PORTABILITY & USER FRIENDLINESS	53-4
51-5	SUB-NOTEBOOK	PORTABILITY	53-5
	...	...	

# FIG. 4B

PRODUCT RANK CONVERSION TABLE 4c

60	PRODUCT RANK	CUSTOMER'S PURCHASING TREND	62
61-1	HIGH-END	PERFORMANCE	63-1
61-2	STANDARD	BALANCE	63-2
61-3	ENTRY	PRICE	63-3
61-4	CUSTOMIZED	PURPOSE	63-4
	...	...	
	...	...	

# FIG. 5

## PRODUCT INTRODUCTION SENTENCE TABLE

4d

<div> CUSTOMER'S PURCHASING TREND 62  CUSTOMER'S PURCHASING TREND 52 </div>	BALANCE	PERFORMANCE	PRICE	PURPOSE	...
BALANCE	INTRODUCTION 11	INTRODUCTION 21	INTRODUCTION 31	INTRODUCTION 41	...
PERFORMANCE	INTRODUCTION 12	INTRODUCTION 22	INTRODUCTION 32	INTRODUCTION 42	...
EXTENDIBILITY	INTRODUCTION 13	INTRODUCTION 23	INTRODUCTION 33	INTRODUCTION 43	...
SPACE SAVING	INTRODUCTION 14	INTRODUCTION 24	INTRODUCTION 34	INTRODUCTION 44	...
PORTABILITY	INTRODUCTION 15	INTRODUCTION 25	INTRODUCTION 35	INTRODUCTION 45	...
...	...	...	...	...	...

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FIG. 6

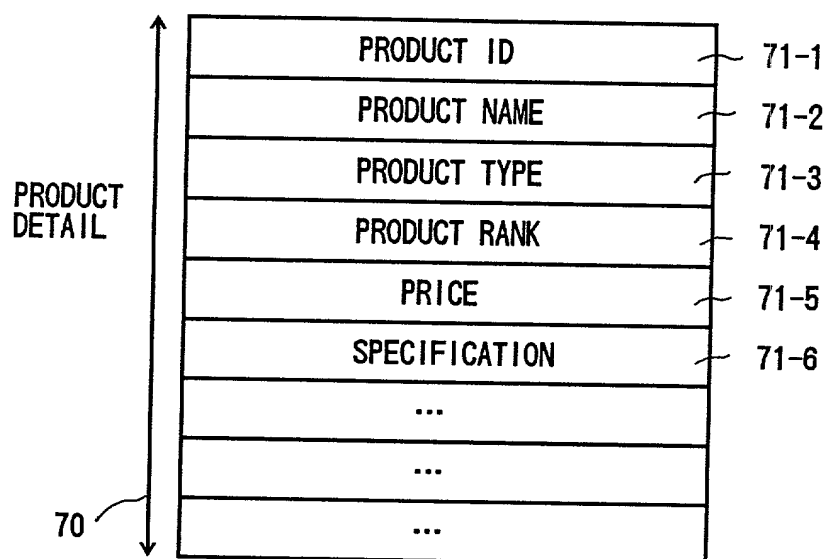


FIG. 7

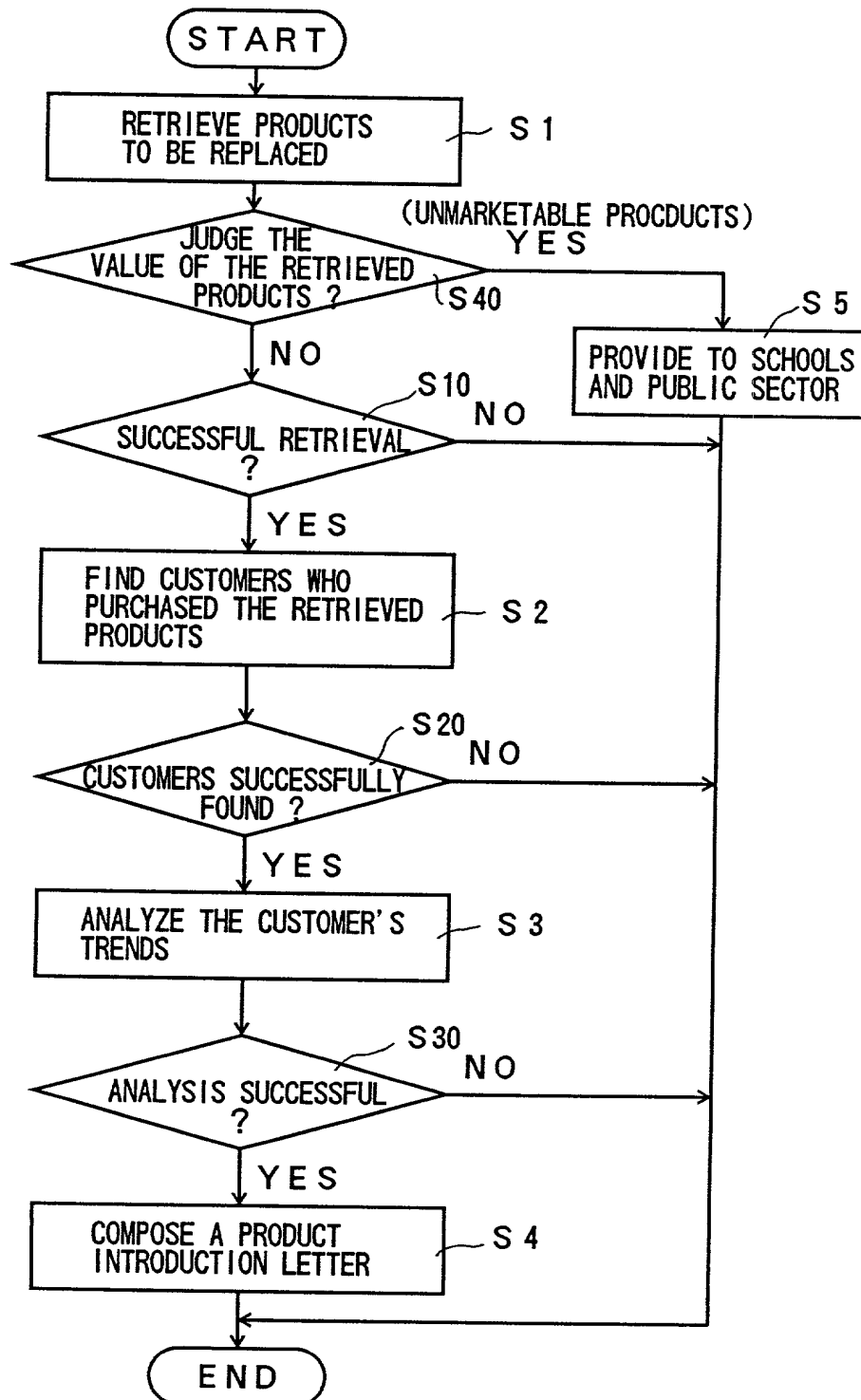


FIG. 8

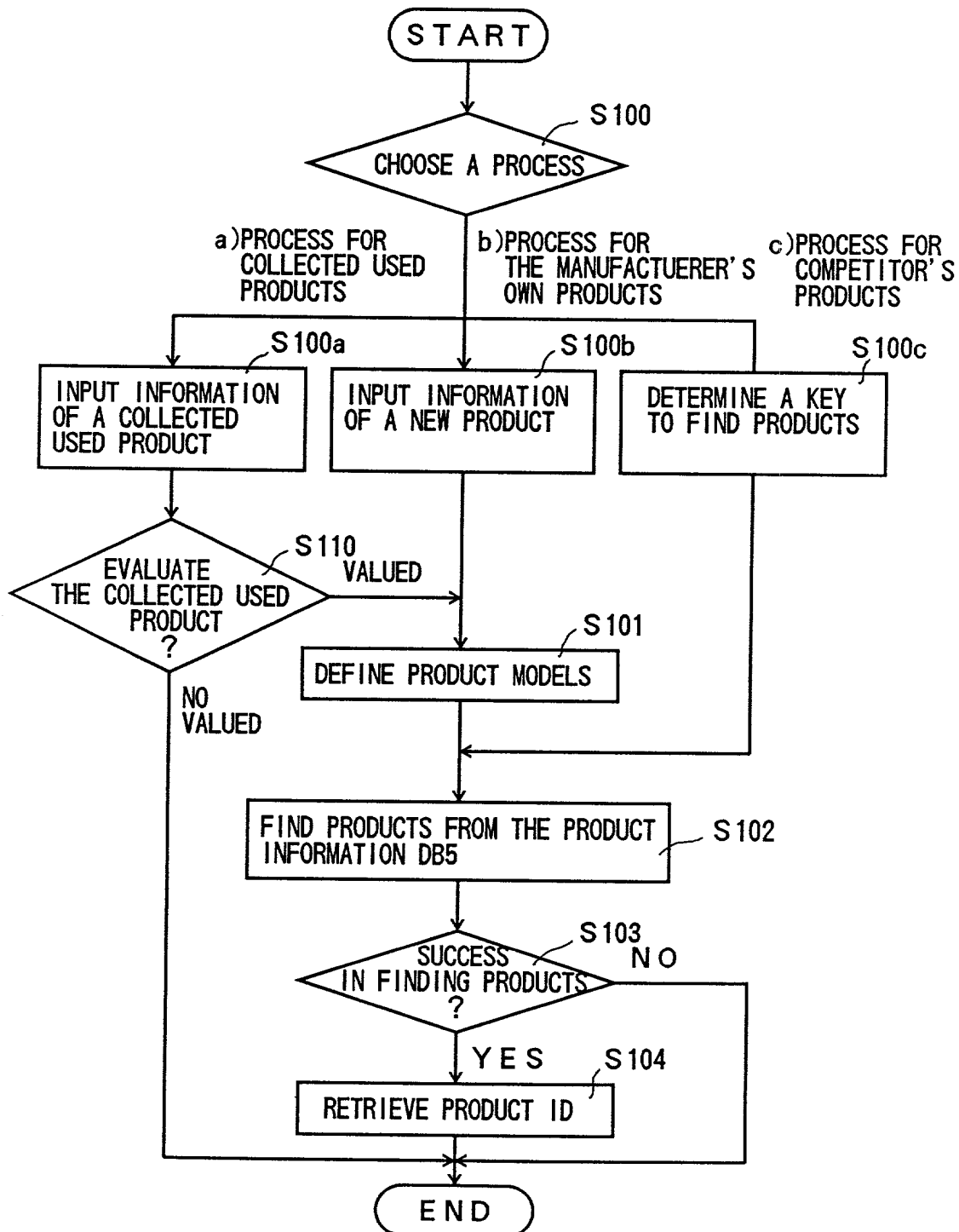
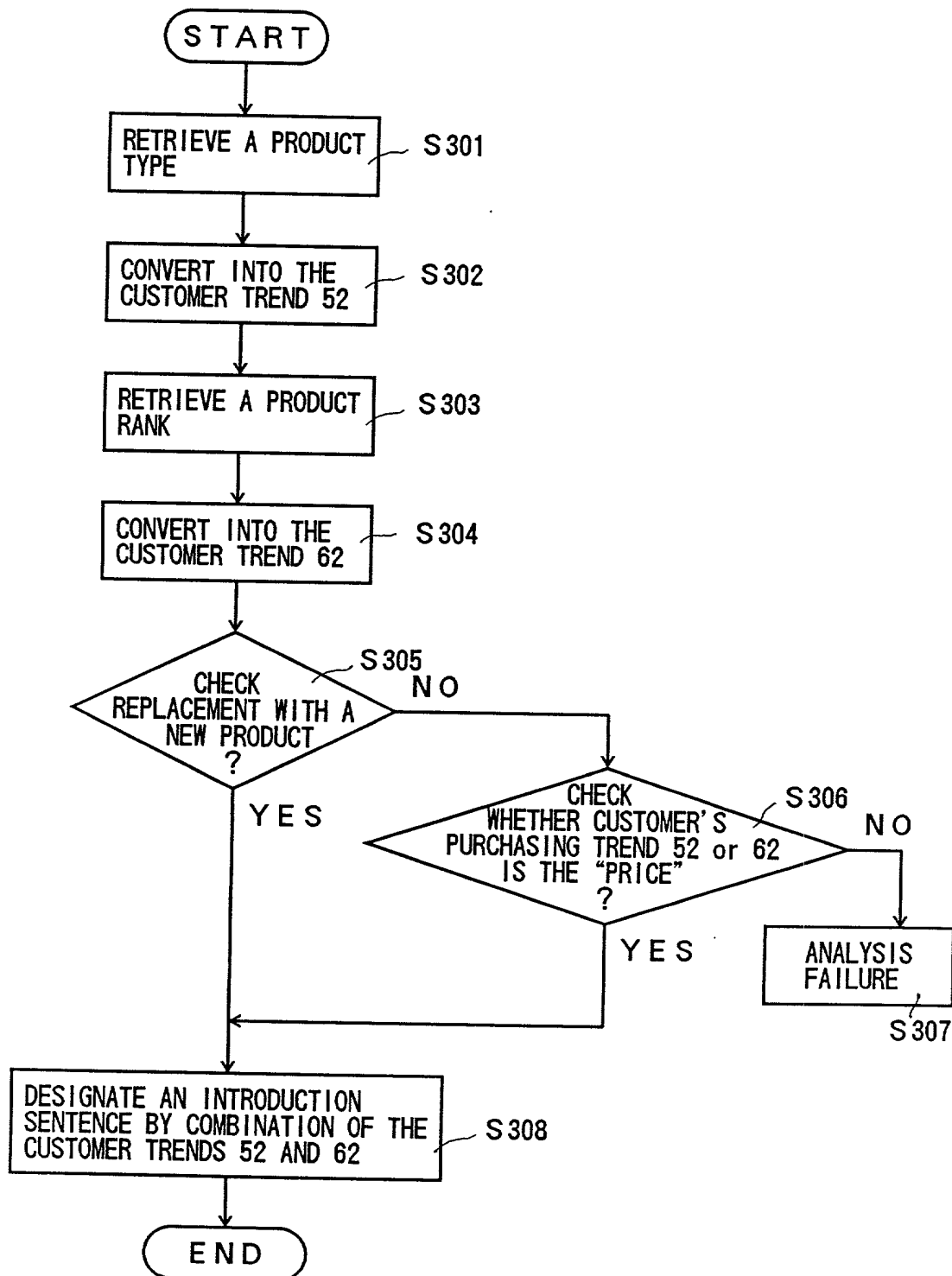


FIG. 9





## Declaration and Power of Attorney For Patent Application

## 特許出願宣言書及び委任状

## Japanese Language Declaration

## 日本語宣言書

下記の氏名の発明者として、私は以下の通り宣言します。

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

私の住所、私書箱、国籍は下記の私の氏名の後に記載された通りです。

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name.

下記の名称の発明に関して請求範囲に記載され、特許出願している発明内容について、私が最初かつ唯一の発明者（下記の氏名が一つの場合）もしくは最初かつ共同発明者であると（下記の名称が複数の場合）信じています。

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

INFORMATION DECISION APPARATUS, METHOD THEREOF AND COMPUTER-READABLE RECORDING MEDIUM THEREOF

上記発明の明細書（下記の欄でx印がついていない場合は、本表に添付）は、

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

☐ 月 日に提出され、米国出願番号または特許協定条約国際出願番号を \_\_\_\_\_ とし、  
（該当する場合） \_\_\_\_\_ に訂正されました。

☐ was filed on \_\_\_\_\_  
as United States Application Number or  
PCT International Application Number  
\_\_\_\_\_ and was amended on  
\_\_\_\_\_ (if applicable).

私は、特許請求範囲を含む上記訂正後の明細書を検討し、内容を理解していることをここに表明します。

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

私は、連邦規則法典第37編第1条56項に定義されるとおり、特許資格の有無について重要な情報を開示する義務があることを認めます。

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私は、米国法典第35編119条(a)-(d)項又は365条(b)項に基づき下記の、米国以外の国の少なくとも一ヶ国を指定している特許協力条約365(a)項に基づく国際出願、又は外国での特許出願もしくは発明者証の出願についての外国優先権をここに主張するとともに、優先権を主張している。本出願の前に出願された特許または発明者証の外国出願を以下に、枠内をマークすることで、示しています。

## Prior Foreign Application(s)

外国で先行出願  
Pat. Appln. No. 10-355046

Japan

14/December/1998

Priority Not Claimed

優先権主張なし

(Number)  
(番号)

(Country)  
(国名)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)  
(出願年月日)

☐

(Number)  
(番号)

(Country)  
(国名)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)  
(出願年月日)

☐

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(Application No.)  
(出願番号)

(Filing Date)  
(出願日)

(Application No.)  
(出願番号)

(Filing Date)  
(出願日)

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(Application No.)  
(出願番号)

(Filing Date)  
(出願日)

(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned)  
(現況: 特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)

(Application No.)  
(出願番号)

(Filing Date)  
(出願日)

(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned)  
(現況: 特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)

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(Supply similar information and signature for third and subsequent joint inventors.)